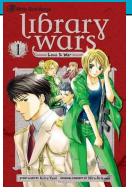
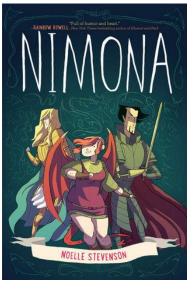
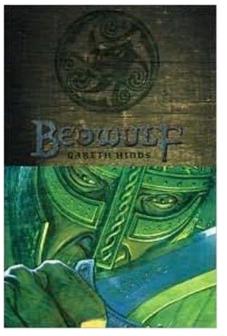
Graphic Novels For Teens – Much More Than Comics





Angela Critics – Teen Librarian Jefferson-Madison Regional Library Charlottesville, VA







Love 'em or Hate 'em



Graphic Novelist Named National Ambassador For Young People's Literature

You can't avoid them

VLA Graphic Novel Diversity Awards

Embracing Diversity



What is a Graphic Novel?

> It's a format – Not a genre

A graphic novel is a book written and illustrated in the style of a comic book with sequential art.

Types of graphic novels:

- Comic book
- Adaptation of a classic
- Adaptation of a popular book
- ➢Original work either stand alone or series
- ≻Manga

"But they're not real books" Actually, they are!

- Even if they weren't so what?
- Gateway for reluctant readers
- Moving into the classroom as teaching tools

Benefits for reluctant & emergent readers:

- > Aids visualization of story
- Immersive experience heightens
- enjoyment
- Images help decode complex concepts and vocabulary

In the classroom:

- > As complex as any novel
- ➤Used to teach visual rhetoric
- ➤Can make complex literary concepts more accessible
- Studies show increased retention with graphic novel format for textbooks
- Builds verbal-visual literacy

Graphic novels strengthen skills in:

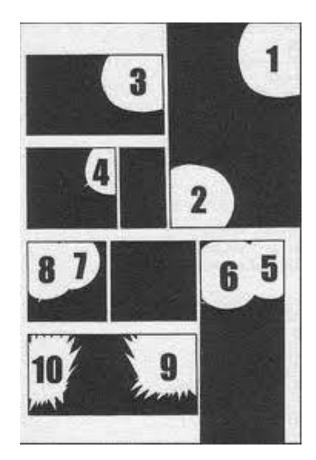
- Attention & attention to detail
- ≻Memory
- ≻Sequencing
- Language and language usage

Manga vs. Anime What's the difference?

Manga = Print Anime = Video

Things to know about manga:

It's a format, not a genre
Stylistic conventions
Exaggerated depictions
Reads right to left
Popular but not sturdy
Replacements hard to find
Series can be very long!



Other Manga Terms:

Target audience categories:

- Shonen (Boys 10-18)
- Shojo (Girls 10-18)
- Josei (College-age women)
- Seinen (College-age men)

General terms:

- Fan service
- Omake (extras)
- Manhua
- Manhwa

Thank You!

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